

Jackson County Sentinel

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT
GAINESBORO, TENN.

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G. B. GAILDEATH, Business Manager

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THURSDAY, JUNE 13, 1918

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

ONE YEAR \$1.00
6 MONTHS .60
3 MONTHS .35
STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

Announcements.

COUNTY COURT CLERK.

McGLASSON—The Sentinel is authorized to announce G. Lee McGlasson as candidate for Clerk of the County Court of Jackson County subject to the action of the voters in August election 1918.

SETTLE—The Sentinel is authorized to announce Glen B. Settle as candidate for Clerk of the County Court of Jackson County subject to the action of the voters in August election 1918.

TRUSTEE

LYNCH—The Sentinel is authorized to announce H. J. Lynch as candidate for Trustee for Jackson county subject to the action of the voters in the regular August election, 1918.

CIRCUIT COURT CLERK

REEVES—The Sentinel is authorized to announce J. L. Reeves as candidate for Circuit Court Clerk of Jackson county subject to the action of the voters in regular August election, 1918.

REGISTER

HIX—The Sentinel is authorized to announce A. F. Hix as candidate for Register of Jackson county subject to the action of the voters in regular August election, 1918.

JACKSON—The Sentinel is authorized to announce Garland Jackson as a candidate for Register for Jackson county subject to the action of the voters in the regular August election, 1918.

FOR CONGRESS

HULL—The Sentinel is authorized to announce Cordell Hull as a candidate for the democratic nomination for representative in Congress from this, the Fourth Congressional district, subject to the democratic primary election to be held August 1, 1918.

LOCALS

Don't fail to attend the speaking here next Sunday.

Jordan Loftis, of Cookeville, was here Sunday.

Miss Anna Robbins has returned to Nashville.

Luther Lynn, merchant on R 1 was in town Tuesday.

O. L. and Luther Johnson, of Whites Bend, were here Sunday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Rufo Young Sunday night, an 8 pound boy.

Don't fail to attend the Chautauqua, you will never regret coming.

4 big days ahead, Friday, Saturday, Sunday and Monday, June 14, 15, 16, 17.

Orville and Walter Brooks, of Bagdad, was in to see us this week.

Miss Mollie Williams is the

guest of Mrs. Joda West on R 1, this week.

B. L. Quarles has returned from Nashville, where he attended the W. S. S. meeting.

Mrs. B. F. Baugh, of Flynn's Lick, came up Thursday to attend the Chautauqua.

John Butler and R. F. Franklin, of Defeated, transacted business in town Wednesday.

J. C. Darwin and family, of Cookeville, visited in whites Bend and Gainesboro Sunday.

Dr. C. C. Fowler was called to Cookeville Sunday to see his niece, Margaret Richmond.

Geo. Haile and family have moved into the Quarles dwelling formerly occupied by Mrs. Hull.

J. H. Jackson, of R 2, was in town Sunday to meet his daughter, Clyde, who had returned from Nashville.

H. L. McDearman, D. C. Morgan and Mark McDearman motored to Clarksville first of the week.

Walter Judd and family, of Double Springs, are the guests of Johnnie Gipson this week.

John C. Sadler, who has been traveling for the Bruton-Weyman Snuff Co. has resigned and is at home for a few days.

Mesdames J. L. Reeves, L. B. Anderson, P. J. Anderson and E.

W. Tardy motored to Granville Monday in the interest of the Chautauqua.

H. G. Young, the famous oil salesman, is at home for a few days on account of running out of order blanks. He is looking for a supply most any day.

Cleo Jackson and Mark McDearman went to Nashville Thursday to undergo an operation for appendicitis. They were accompanied by Dr. R. C. Gaw.

Miss Annie V. Hawkins, who recently underwent an operation for appendicitis at Nashville, returned home Sunday. Miss Hawkins' condition was critical prior to the operation.

Oplis J. Loftis, of R 4, came in and registered Thursday. There is some question as to whether he is 21 years of age, and the Board has written to headquarters for the facts.

The names of the Red Cross contributors are published in this issue of the Sentinel. All care was taken to not omit any names, but if there is any one who contributed and their names does not appear on the list published, please report it at once.

Geo. Henry Lynch who recently went to Nashville to join the Navy was rejected on account of weak lungs. He was re-examined on returning home, and was found to be physically fit in every way. The lung trouble was due to deep cold.

Boost the Red Cross by attending the Chautauqua. Interesting programs will be rendered in the afternoon and night. Good live, snappy lectures by real educated lecturers. Be sure and come. Don't miss the opening number.

Cumberland University

FOUNDED 1842

LEBANON, TENNESSEE

A standard college under Christian influences

Courses leading to the degrees in Arts and sciences with special courses in Home Economics.

The War Department of the United States intends to provide assistance for Military Training in all colleges having an enrollment of 100 men. The training and drill will be strictly optional but any student electing the course will be a member of the Army of the United States subject to call for active service. It will however be the policy of the Government not to call the members of the training units for active service until they are twenty-one years of age.

Boys under eighteen although not eligible for enlistment will be encouraged to enroll in the training units.

This offers a splendid opportunity to obtain military training under Army officers and to obtain standing in the Army of the United States. Further information will be given in regard to this movement as soon as the War Department decides upon its full plan.

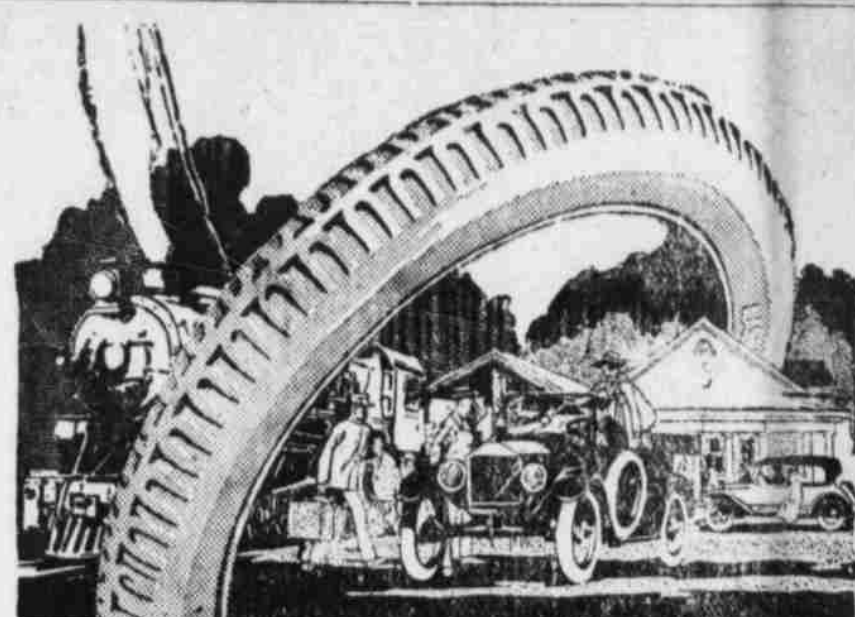
The Government discourages unnecessary and wasteful depletion of the colleges by indiscriminating volunteering by thus offering a definite and immediate military status.

Cumberland University desires to take advantage of this splendid privilege and urges the young men to consider it as they make their plans for another year.

Keep your standards high: College students are a select group of men and women training for leadership.

For further information address

The President or Registrar,
Cumberland University,
Lebanon, Tennessee.



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These standards work out on your car in the practical economy demanded by war-times.

United States Tires will raise any car to higher efficiency.

There is a type to suit every condition of service.

The nearest United States Sales and Service Depot dealer will cheerfully aid in selecting right tires for your requirements.

**United States Tires
are Good Tires**



WAR PROCLAMATION

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES PROCLAIMS FRIDAY, JUNE 28, 1918

AS

NATIONAL WAR SAVINGS DAY

GOVERNORS AND MAYORS MAKE SIMILAR PROCLAMATIONS

Meetings will be held in every community to secure subscriptions for War Savings Stamps.

Pursuant to the proclamations of the President of the United States and the Governor of this State, I, War Savings Director for Tennessee, acting under the authority of the United States Treasury Department, have called all tax-payers and wage-earners to meet Friday, June 28th, to give their subscriptions for War Saving Stamps. In rural communities and the smaller towns and cities, meetings will be held in the school houses at 2 p. m.

Officers will conduct the meetings in each school house, keeping a record of the proceedings and reporting the names of all persons present and the amount of War Savings Stamps subscribed for by them. The names of absent persons, and of those who refuse or neglect to subscribe, with their reasons for so doing, will also be reported.

War Saving Stamps (which are United States Government Bonds the same as Liberty Bonds) can be paid for during any month in the year 1918, but it is intended that all subscriptions will be signed for them on June 28.

The price for each War Saving Stamp depend upon the month during which it is bought. During June each Stamp will cost \$4.17. In July each Stamp will cost \$4.18, and so on, one cent more each month during 1918. On January 1, 1923, the Government of the United States will redeem all War Savings Stamps at \$5.00, no matter during which month in 1918 they were bought. They cost less during the early months in 1918 than the later months because the person who buys earlier has loaned his money to the Government for a longer time than if he should buy later.

By way of illustration, note the following table:

Cost of War Savings Stamps during June, July and August, 1918:

	Cost in June	Cost in July	Cost in Aug.	Worth Jan. 1, 1923
1 Stamp	\$ 4.17	4.18	4.19	5.00
20 Stamps	83.40	83.60	83.80	100.00
50 Stamps	208.50	209.00	209.50	250.00
100 Stamps	417.00	418.00	419.00	500.00
200 Stamps	834.00	836.00	838.00	1,000.00

The law provides that no person can hold in his own name War Saving Stamps exceeding \$1,000 maturity value. War Saving Stamps, however, may be purchased for other members of the family, including minor children.

The money invested in War Savings Stamps is not a gift, or a donation, but is a loan to the Government. It will all be paid back with 4 per cent compound interest. If, because of some serious financial reverses, or calamity, it should be necessary to get your money before January 1, 1923, you may do so by giving ten days' notice to any Money Order postmaster, in which case you can get what you paid for the Stamps, with interest to date of payment. The Stamps are free from all State and local taxes; when registered at the postoffice they are insured against loss; they are backed by all the property in the United States; they cannot fall in value below the price you paid; they are as convenient and as well paying an investment as has ever been offered by our Government.

A definite quota of War Savings Stamps has been assigned each Civil district and community, which will be announced at each meeting on June 28th. The Government of the United States expects all the citizens of every Civil district and county to subscribe for its quota and to pledge themselves to save and economize to help win the war.

It is to be hoped that the subscriptions taken at the meetings in your county will show you and your neighbors to be loyal Americans to whom our Government, in this hour of need, does not call in vain.

T. R. PRESTON

War Saving Director of Tennessee appointed and acting under the authority of the Secretary of the United States Treasury.

ENLIST Your Dollars in Your Country's Service

U. S. Bonds, War Savings Stamps, and U. S. Thrift Stamps must be purchased by the people from money saved from their incomes—every dollar spent for an unnecessary thing is a force for evil. When that dollar buys labor and materials for equipping our army and navy it has a double force—first it ceases to aid the enemy and second it is fighting for us in the behalf of mankind. Be sure that your pennies, nickels, dimes, quarters and dollars are enlisted in the cause of your country. An idle dollar is a SLACKER dollar, but a dollar wasted in war time is a TRAITOR dollar.

**All Banks and the Post
Office Sell the Stamps**



THIS SPACE CONTRIBUTED BY

L. B. ANDERSON, Druggist.